SUB INSPECTOR OF SUPPLY SEP 2025

DO NOT BREAK THE SEAL OF THE BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO

SERIES : I

Booklet Serial No. 22461

QUESTION BOOKLET

Subjects : General English, Quantitative Aptitude & Reasoning, General Knowledge & Current Affairs, Public Distribution System (Basic Awareness) and Basic Computer

Full Marks : 300 **Time Allowed : 2½ Hours**

Read the following instructions carefully before you begin to answer the questions.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This Booklet contains **150 questions** to be answered in a separate OMR Answer Sheet using Black Ballpoint Pen in the following five Parts :

Part—A	**:**	**General English**	**:**	**40 questions**
Part—B	**:**	**Quantitative Aptitude & Reasoning**	**:**	**45 questions**
Part—C	**:**	**General Knowledge & Current Affairs**	**:**	**35 questions**
Part—D	**:**	**Public Distribution System (Basic Awareness)**	**:**	**15 questions**
Part—E	**:**	**Basic Computer**	**:**	**15 questions**

2. **All** questions are compulsory.
3. You will be supplied the Answer Sheet separately by the Invigilator. You must complete the details of particulars asked for.
4. Answer must be shown by completely blackening the corresponding circle in the Answer Sheet against the relevant question number by Black Ballpoint Pen. OMR Answer Sheet without marking Series shall not be evaluated.

   Example :
   Suppose the following question is asked :

   The Capital of Meghalaya is

   (A) Guwahati
   (B) Kohima
   (C) Shillong
   (D) Delhi

   You will have four alternatives in the Answer Sheet for your response corresponding to each question of the Question Booklet as below :

   Ⓐ Ⓑ Ⓒ Ⓓ

   In the above illustration, if your chosen response is alternative (C), i.e., Shillong, then the same should be marked on the Answer Sheet by blackening the relevant circle with a Black Ballpoint Pen only as below :

   Ⓐ Ⓑ ● Ⓓ

   The example shown above is the only correct method of answering.
5. Answer the questions as quickly and as carefully as you can. Some questions may be difficult and others easy. Do not spend too much time on any one question.
6. There will NOT be any negative marking for wrong answers.
7. The Answer Sheet must be handed over to the Invigilator before you leave the Examination Hall.
8. No Rough Work is to be done on the Answer Sheet. Space for Rough Work has been provided in the Question Booklet.

SEAL

PART—A : GENERAL ENGLISH

(*Marks* : 80)

Each question carries **2** marks

***Direction* (Q. Nos. 1–5) : In these questions, out of the four alternatives given, choose the one which can be substituted for the given group of words.**

1. That which is one hundred years old

(A) Centenarian
(B) Contemporary
(C) Septuagenarian
(D) Octogenarian

2. A book or paper written by hand

(A) Document
(B) Script
(C) Transcript
(D) Manuscript

3. A person who believes that God does not exist

(A) Theist
(B) Devotee
(C) Egoist
(D) Atheist

4. Something that cannot be avoided or prevented

(A) Invisible
(B) Invincible
(C) Inevitable
(D) Uncertain

5. A person who has had long experience in a particular field

(A) Novice
(B) Amateur
(C) Beginner
(D) Veteran

***Direction* (Q. Nos. 6–15) : In these questions, out of the four alternatives given, choose the correct answer to fill in the blanks.**

6. Many planes fly _____ the Atlantic nowadays.

(A) across
(B) on
(C) between
(D) among

7. Hold it carefully _____ your thumb and first finger.

(A) through
(B) between
(C) over
(D) along

8. His handwriting is so _____ that I can hardly read a word of it.

(A) eligible
(B) illegal
(C) illegible
(D) illogical

9. Despite the heavy rain, the match _____ as scheduled.

(A) was cancelled
(B) went out
(C) proceeded
(D) occurred

10. He finished the race by a very narrow _____.

(A) gap
(B) margin
(C) space
(D) distance

11. She has a natural _____ for playing the piano.

(A) aptitude

(B) attitude

(C) altitude

(D) plenitude

12. The thief managed to _____ the police.

(A) avoid

(B) allude

(C) illude

(D) betray

13. Please _____ your signature at the bottom of the document.

(A) affix

(B) affect

(C) attest

(D) attract

14. The ship was _____ in the middle of the ocean.

(A) drowning

(B) destroying

(C) hauling

(D) sinking

15. The project was completed _____ the deadline.

(A) beyond

(B) through

(C) across

(D) within

***Direction* (Q. Nos. 16–20) : In these questions, fill in the blanks with appropriate prepositions from the given options.**

16. He is _____ bed.

(A) on

(B) in

(C) of

(D) under

17. Don't go out _____ the sun.

(A) to

(B) in

(C) into

(D) under

18. I have known him _____ a long time.

(A) since

(B) for

(C) in

(D) of

19. Do not cry _____ spilt milk.

(A) over

(B) on

(C) into

(D) at

20. He has not yet recovered _____ his illness.

(A) through

(B) from

(C) by

(D) in

***Direction* (Q. Nos. 21–25) : In these questions, out of the four alternatives given, choose the word which is opposite in meaning to the underlined word.**

21. The crowd grew <u>hostile</u> as the speaker continued.

(A) peaceful
(B) determined
(C) prudent
(D) weak

22. His reply to my question was <u>ambiguous</u>.

(A) vague
(B) clear
(C) uncertain
(D) obscure

23. After the long winter, the soil was finally <u>fertile</u> enough for planting.

(A) productive
(B) potent
(C) barren
(D) rich

24. He remained <u>resolute</u> in his decision despite the heavy criticism.

(A) persistent
(B) steadfast
(C) stubborn
(D) wavering

25. It is incredibly <u>mean</u> to mock someone's efforts.

(A) unkind
(B) generous
(C) grand
(D) malicious

***Direction* (Q. Nos. 26–30) : In these questions, a part of each sentence has error. Find out which part '(A), (B), (C) or (D)' has the error.**

26. <u>When I am</u> (A) / <u>ten years old</u> (B) / <u>I was</u> (C) / <u>sent to school.</u> (D)

27. <u>We come to school</u> (A) / <u>so that</u> (B) / <u>we can learn</u> (C) / <u>something.</u> (D)

28. <u>None of them</u> (A) / <u>do follow</u> (B) / <u>what the teacher talks about</u> (C) / <u>in the class.</u> (D)

29. <u>When there guide</u> (A) / <u>was not alert</u> (B) / <u>the boys jumped</u> (C) / <u>into the pool.</u> (D)

30. <u>When he started taking the attendance</u> (A) / <u>he found</u> (B) / <u>that a number of boys</u> (C) / <u>had absented from the class.</u> (D)

***Direction* (Q. Nos. 31–35) : Read the passage carefully and answer the questions that follow choosing the correct answer from the choices given.**

In India educated unemployment remains a significant issue, characterized by a mismatch between qualifications and the needs of the labour market. This problem is compounded by factors such as slow job creation and the concentration of employment opportunities in urban areas. Additionally, individuals from marginalized communities face barriers like caste, class and gender discrimination, which restrict their access to formal employment. A lack of social capital, networks and mentorship further hampers their chances of success in securing jobs. To tackle this challenge, education must be complemented with policies like labour reforms, stronger anti-discrimination measures, affirmative action beyond academic institutions and support for entrepreneurship among underrepresented groups. Achieving true mobility requires not just access to education but also to fair and inclusive employment opportunities.

31. What is one of the main reasons for educated unemployment in India?

(A) Lack of schools

(B) Mismatch between qualifications and labour market needs

(C) Overproduction of agricultural goods

(D) Increase in government jobs

32. Which factor limits job opportunities for people living outside cities?

(A) Rapid job creation in rural areas

(B) Concentration of employment in urban areas

(C) Expansion of manufacturing in villages

(D) Free education in towns

33. Which group faces additional barriers to formal employment according to the passage?

(A) Highly skilled urban professionals

(B) Marginalized communities

(C) Foreign investors

(D) Retired government workers

34. What is identified as a key support missing for job seekers from disadvantaged backgrounds?

(A) Free textbooks

(B) Social capital, networks and mentorship

(C) Public transportation

(D) Access to insurance

35. Which of the following is ***not*** suggested as a solution in the passage?

(A) Labour reforms

(B) Stronger anti-discrimination policies

(C) Limiting urban employment

(D) Support for entrepreneurship

Direction **(Q. Nos. 36–40) : Change the voices for the following.**

36. The gardener waters the plants every day.

(A) The plants are watered by the gardener every day.

(B) The plants were watered by the gardener every day.

(C) The plants have been watered by the gardener every day.

(D) The plants had been watered by the gardener every day.

37. They are painting the house.

(A) The house is painted by them.

(B) The house was painted by them.

(C) The house is being painted by them.

(D) The house has been painted by them.

38. She will deliver the parcel.

(A) The parcel will delivered by her.

(B) The parcel will be delivered by her.

(C) The parcel will have delivered by her.

(D) The parcel is delivered by her.

39. My friends helped me.

(A) I have been helped by my friends.

(B) I was helped by my friends.

(C) I had been helped by my friends.

(D) I am helped by my friends.

40. People speak English all over the world.

(A) English is spoken all over the world by people.

(B) English is being spoken all over the world.

(C) English was spoken all over the world by people.

(D) English has been spoken all over the world.

PART—B : QUANTITATIVE APTITUDE & REASONING

(*Marks* : 90)

Each question carries **2** marks

41. In the following question, select one alternative in which the third statement is implied by the first two statements.

(A) All elephants are wild. All lions are wild. So, all lions are elephants.

(B) All mangoes are red. Some apples are mangoes. So, all apples are red.

(C) All roads are boxes. All foxes are roads. So, all boxes are foxes.

(D) All *XYZ* can run. All *ABC* are *XYZ*. So, all *ABC* can run.

42. In the following question, observe the given statements carefully and find out which two of the statements cannot be true simultaneously, but can both be false.

1. All animals are carnivorous.
2. Some animals are not carnivorous.
3. Animals are not carnivorous.
4. Some animals are carnivorous.

(A) 1 and 2 (B) 2 and 3

(C) 1 and 3 (D) 3 and 4

43. The following question is based on a set of given propositions I to IV.

I. All *P* are *Q*.

II. Some *P* are not *Q*.

III. Some, but not all, *P* are *Q*.

IV. No *P* is *Q*.

Considered only by themselves, all of the following pairs of statements might both be false but could not both be true, *except*

(A) I and II (B) I and III

(C) I and IV (D) II and IV

44. The following question consists of a statement followed by two arguments I and II.

Statement :

Should the parents in India in future be forced to opt for only one child as against the two or many at present?

Arguments :

I. Yes. This is the only way to check the ever-increasing population of India.

II. No. This type of pressure tactic is not adopted by any country in the world.

Choose the correct answer from the following options :

(A) Only argument I is strong

(B) Only argument II is strong

(C) Neither I nor II is strong

(D) Both I and II are strong

45. The following question consists of a statement, followed by four arguments numbered I, II, III and IV. You have to decide which of the arguments is/are 'strong' argument(s) and which is/are 'weak' argument(s) and accordingly choose your answer from the alternatives given below.

Statement :

Should India go in for computerization in all possible sectors?

Arguments :

I. Yes. It will bring efficiency and accuracy in the work.

II. No. It will be an injustice to the monumental human resources which are at present underutilized.

III. No. Computerization demands a lot of money. We should not waste money on it.

IV. Yes. When advanced countries are introducing computers in every field, how can India afford to lag behind?

(A) Only I is strong

(B) Only I and II are strong

(C) Only I and IV are strong

(D) Only II and III are strong

46. The following question consists of a statement, followed by three arguments numbered I, II and III. You have to decide which of the arguments is/are 'strong' argument(s) and which is/are 'weak' argument(s) and accordingly choose your answer from the alternatives given below :

Statement :

Should religion be taught in our schools?

Arguments :

I. No. Ours is a secular State.

II. Yes. Teaching religion helps inculcate moral values among children.

III. No. How can one dream of such a step when we want the young generation to fulfil its role in the 21st century?

(A) All are strong

(B) None is strong

(C) Only I and III are strong

(D) Only II is strong

47. In the question below is given a statement followed by two assumptions numbered I and II. Consider the statement and the following assumptions and decide which of the given assumptions is implicit in the statement.

Statement :

Detergents should be used to clean clothes.

Assumptions :

I. Detergents form more lather.

II. Detergents help to dislodge grease and dirt.

Choose the correct answer from the following options :

(A) Only assumption I is implicit

(B) Only assumption II is implicit

(C) Either I or II is implicit

(D) Neither I nor II is implicit

48. In the question below is given a statement followed by two courses of action numbered I and II. You have to assume everything in the statement to be true and on the basis of the information given in the statement, decide which of the suggested courses of action logically follow(s) for pursuing.

Statement :

There is substantial increase in the number of accidents causing deaths and severe injuries due to malfunctioning of the traffic signals.

Courses of action :

I. The traffic police should immediately post traffic personnel at the junctions.

II. The signal system should immediately be repaired or replaced.

(A) Only I follows

(B) Only II follows

(C) Either I or II follows

(D) Neither I nor II follows

49. In the following question, a statement is given followed by two conclusions numbered I and II.

Statement :

Sealed tenders are invited from competent contactors experienced in executing construction jobs.

Conclusions :

I. Tenders are invited only from experienced contractors.

II. It is difficult to find competent tenderers in construction jobs.

Choose the correct answer :

(A) Only conclusion I follows

(B) Only conclusion II follows

(C) Either I or II follows

(D) Neither I nor II follows

50. In the question below is given a statement followed by two conclusions numbered I and II. You have to assume everything in the statement to be true, then consider the two conclusions together and decide which of them logically follows beyond a reasonable doubt from the information given in the statement.

Statement :

No country is absolutely self-dependent these days.

Conclusions :

I. It is impossible to grow and produce all that a country needs.

II. Countrymen in general have become lazy.

(A) Only conclusion I follows

(B) Only conclusion II follows

(C) Either I or II follows

(D) Neither I nor II follows

51. In the following question, a statement is followed by some conclusions. Without resolving anything, choose the conclusion which logically follows from the given statement.

Statement :

Most dresses in that shop are expensive.

Conclusions :

(A) There are no cheap dresses available in that shop.

(B) Handloom dresses in that shop are cheap.

(C) There are cheap dresses also in that shop.

(D) Some dresses in that shop are expensive.

52. In the following question, three statements are followed by a conclusion. Observe carefully the statements and the conclusion and point out which statements studied together will bring the conclusion.

Statements :

I. Price rise is a natural phenomenon.

II. If production increases, prices fall.

III. High prices affect the poor.

Conclusion :

If production rises, the poor feel relieved.

(A) I and II only

(B) I and III only

(C) II and III only

(D) Data insufficient

53. A few travellers were severely beaten up by villagers recently in a remote rural part of the State as the villagers found the movement of the travellers suspicious. The district authority has sent a police team to nab the culprits.

Which of the following inferences can be drawn from the above statements? (An inference is something which is not directly stated but can be inferred from the given facts.)

(A) The villagers dislike the presence of strangers in their vicinity.

(B) Villagers are generally suspicious in nature.

(C) Travellers prefer to visit country-side.

(D) None of the above

54. Consider the following statements :

I. The rate of population growth is increasing in the country.

II. The death rate is declining faster in the country compared to birth-rate.

III. The birthrate is declining faster in the country compared to death rate.

IV. Rural-urban migration is taking place regularly in the country.

Which one of the following conclusions may be true in the light of the above facts?

(A) The rate of population growth is increasing due to rural-urban migration.

(B) The rate of population growth is increasing due to decline in death rate only.

(C) The rate of population growth is increasing due to increase in birthrate only.

(D) The rate of population growth is increasing due to faster decline in death rate than in birthrate.

55. Consider the following statements :

I. Some claim to have seen UFOs (Unidentified Flying Objects).

II. Life on other heavenly bodies is considered to be a possibility.

III. Voyage to space is now an established fact.

From the above statements, it may be concluded that :

(A) UFOs are heavenly bodies.

(B) UFOs are sent from other heavenly bodies.

(C) Some living species in other heavenly bodies are more intelligent than man.

(D) Nothing definite can be said about the UFOs.

56. Consider the following statements :

Statements :

I. Either *A* and *B* are of the same age or *A* is older than *B*.

II. Either *C* and *D* are of the same age or *D* is older than *C*.

III. *B* is older than *C*.

Which one of the following conclusions can be drawn from the above statements?

(A) *A* is older than *B*

(B) *B* and *D* are of the same age

(C) *D* is older than *C*

(D) *A* is older than *C*

57. Examine the following statements :

Statements :

I. Lady's finger is tastier than cabbage.

II. Cauliflower is tastier than lady's finger.

III. Cabbage is not tastier than peas.

The conclusion that can be drawn from the above statements is that

(A) Peas are as tasty as lady's finger.

(B) Peas are as tasty as cauliflower and lady's finger.

(C) Cabbage is the most tasty of the four vegetables.

(D) Cauliflower is tastier than cabbage.

58. The mangroves can shed tons of leaves per acre every year. Fungi and bacteria break down this leaf litter and consume it. They then are consumed by tiny worms and crustaceans. These in turn feed small fishes, larger fishes, birds and crocodiles.

Which among the following is the most logical inference of the above statements?

(A) Coastal areas cannot have food chains without mangroves.

(B) Mangroves are an essential component of all marine ecosystems.

(C) Mangroves have a crucial role in some of the coastal food chains.

(D) The composition of marine flora and fauna is largely determined by mangroves.

59. "By liberty I mean the eager maintenance of that atmosphere in which men have the opportunity to be their best selves."

Which one of the following expresses the view implied in the above statement?

(A) Liberty is the absence of restraint on human action.

(B) Liberty is what law permits people to perform.

(C) Liberty is the ability to do what one desires.

(D) Liberty is the maintenance of conditions for the growth of human personality.

60. "Buses are the cause of more accidents than cars and trucks cause fewer accidents than buses."

Which of the following conclusions can be drawn from the above statement?

(A) There are more buses on the roads than trucks.

(B) Car drivers are more careful than bus drivers.

(C) Truck drivers are more skilled than either car or bus drivers.

(D) None of the above

61. Consider the following statements followed by two conclusions :

Statements :

I. Some men are great.

II. Some men are wise.

Conclusions :

I. Men are either great or wise.

II. Some men are neither great nor wise.

Which one of the following is correct?

(A) Only conclusion I is valid

(B) Only conclusion II is valid

(C) Both the conclusions are valid

(D) Neither of the conclusions is valid

62. In the following question, a statement is followed by two conclusions.

Statement :

Education is in the concurrent list, so the State Governments cannot bring reforms in education without the consent of the Central Government.

Conclusions :

I. For bringing about quick reforms in education, it should be in the State List.

II. States are not willing to bring about quick reforms in education.

Point out the correct answer :

(A) Only conclusion I is true

(B) Only conclusion II is true

(C) Both the conclusions are true

(D) Neither of the conclusions is true

63. Consider the following statements :

I. All artists are whimsical.

II. Some artists are drug addicts.

III. Frustrated people are prone to become drug addicts.

From the above three statements it may be concluded that :

(A) Artists are frustrated.

(B) Some drug addicts are whimsical.

(C) All frustrated people are drug addicts.

(D) Whimsical people are generally frustrated.

64. Examine the following statements :

I. None but students are members of the club.

II. Some members of the club are married persons.

III. All married persons are invited for dance.

Which one of the following conclusions can be drawn from the above statements?

(A) All students are invited for dance.

(B) All married students of the club are invited for dance.

(C) All members of the club are married persons.

(D) None of the above conclusions can be drawn.

65. Examine the following statements :

I. None but the rich can afford air-travel.

II. Some of those who travel by air become sick.

III. Some of those who become sick require treatment.

Which one of the following conclusions can be drawn from the above statements?

(A) All rich persons travel by air.

(B) Those who travel by air become sick.

(C) All rich persons become sick.

(D) None of the above conclusions can be drawn.

66. Consider the given statements to be true and decide which of the given conclusions can definitely be drawn from the given statements.

Statements :

I. All States having dams face no water problem.

II. One of the States has no dam.

Conclusions :

I. It may be facing water problem.

II. Dams solve water problem.

(A) Only conclusion I follows

(B) Only conclusion II follows

(C) Both conclusions I and II follow

(D) Neither conclusion I nor II follows

67. The following question contains a small paragraph followed by a question on it. Read the paragraph carefully and answer the question given below it.

The virtue of art does not allow the work to be interfered with or immediately ruled by anything other than itself. It insists that it alone shall touch the work in order to bring it into being. Art requires that nothing shall attain the work except through art itself.

The passage best supports the statement that

(A) art is governed by external rules and conditions

(B) art is for the sake of art and life

(C) art is for the sake of art alone

(D) artist realizes his dreams through his artistic creation

68. Read the paragraph carefully that is attached to the question given and answer the question that is given below it :

The future of women in India is quite bright and let us hope that they will justify their abilities by rising to the occasion. Napolean was right when he declared that by educating the women we can educate the whole nation because a country can never rise without the contribution of 50% of their population.

The passage best supports the statement that

(A) India is striving hard for the emancipation of women

(B) all women should be well educated

(C) a nation can progress only when women are given equal rights and opportunities as men

(D) women ought to be imparted full freedom to prove their worth and contribute to the progress of the nation

69. 'Goitre' is related to 'Iodine' as 'Anaemia' is related to

(A) Vitamin

(B) Blood

(C) Iron

(D) Weakness

70. 'Seismograph' is related to 'Earthquakes' in the same way as 'Thermometer' is related to

(A) Fever

(B) Doctor

(C) Temperature

(D) Mercury

71. 'Numismatics' is related to 'Coins' in the same way as 'Paleontology' is related to

(A) Earth

(B) Soil

(C) Fossils

(D) Stones

72. 'Metal' is related to 'Conduction' in the same way as 'Plastic' is related to

(A) Industries

(B) Inflammation

(C) Insulation

(D) None of the above

73. Choose the pair/group of words that shows the same relationship as given at the top of the given pair/group :

Portico : Building

(A) Stove : Kitchen

(B) Fort : Fortress

(C) Ship : Steamer

(D) None of the above

74. Choose the pair/group of words that shows the same relationship as given at the top of the given pair/group :

Journalist : News items

(A) Bee : Honey

(B) Conductor : Travellers

(C) Baker : Bread

(D) Publisher : Book

75. Select the number group similar to the given group from the following four alternatives :

Given group : 5, 6, 22

(A) 4, 8, 2

(B) 3, 8, 26

(C) 8, 9, 34

(D) 7, 9, 48

76. Choose the related number from the following alternatives :

8 : 28 : : ? : 63

(A) 55

(B) 18

(C) 64

(D) None of the above

77. In the following question, a group of four items is given.

Three of the following four are alike in a certain way and so form a group. Which one does not belong to that group?

(A) Bud

(B) Branch

(C) Leaf

(D) Plant

78. Three out of the four pairs of numbers have the same relationships. Find the odd man out.

(A) 4 : 63

(B) 1 : –1

(C) 5 : 624

(D) 3 : 26

79. In a certain code, GIGANTIC is written as GIGTANCI. How is MIRACLES written in that code?

(A) MIRLCAES

(B) MIRLACSE

(C) RIMCALSE

(D) RIMLCAES

80. In a certain code, RIPPLE is written as 613382 and LIFE is written as 8192. How is PILLER written in that code?

(A) 318826

(B) 318286

(C) 618826

(D) 328816

81. Priti scored more than Rahul. Yamuna scored as much as Divya. Lokita scored less than Manju. Rahul scored more than Yamuna. Manju scored less than Divya. Who scored the lowest?

(A) Manju

(B) Yamuna

(C) Lokita

(D) Rahul

82. Roshan is taller than Hardik who is shorter than Sushil. Niza is taller than Harry but shorter than Hardik. Sushil is shorter than Roshan. Who is the tallest?

(A) Roshan

(B) Sushil

(C) Hardik

(D) Harry

83. Among five boys, Vasant is taller than Manohar, but not as tall as Raju. Jayant is taller than Dutta, but shorter than Manohar. Who is the tallest in the group?

(A) Raju

(B) Manohar

(C) Vasant

(D) None of them

84. Introducing a girl, Vipin said, "Her mother is the only daughter of my mother-in-law". How is Vipin related to that girl?

(A) Uncle

(B) Father

(C) Brother

(D) Husband

85. A woman introduces a man as the son of the brother of her mother. How is that man related to the woman?

(A) Nephew

(B) Son

(C) Cousin

(D) Uncle

PART—C : GENERAL KNOWLEDGE & CURRENT AFFAIRS

(*Marks* : 70)

Each question carries **2** marks

86. The two elements that are frequently used for making transistors are

(A) iridium and tungsten

(B) silicon and germanium

(C) boron and aluminium

(D) niobium and columbium

87. The Badami rock inscription of Pulakesin I is dated in the Saka year 465. If the same were to be dated in Vikram Samvat, the year would be

(A) 601 (B) 407

(C) 330 (D) 300

88. What is rubella?

(A) Whooping cough

(B) German measles

(C) Skin eruptions

(D) Bleeding of the nose

89. If the President wants to tender her/his resignation before the expiry of her/his normal term, she/he has to address the same to

(A) the Chief Justice of India

(B) the Parliament

(C) the Prime Minister

(D) the Vice-President

90. The Constitution of India assures economic justice to Indian citizens through the

(A) Directive Principles of State Policy

(B) Fundamental Duties

(C) Fundamental Rights

(D) All of the above

91. Water cycle refers to

(A) the scientific management of water in areas excessively plagued with waterlogging

(B) the constant movement of water from ocean to land and back to ocean again

(C) an integrated attempt to recycle water in relatively arid regions

(D) the water distribution in relatively dry areas

92. For rural electrification and domestic cooking, the most appropriate and economical would be

(A) biogas

(B) electricity

(C) nuclear energy

(D) windmill

93. The magnitude and intensity of an earthquake is measured by the

(A) Fischer scale

(B) Tropsch scale

(C) Avery scale

(D) Richter scale

94. The figure of the God that was depicted on the seal of Indus Valley people is

(A) Indra (B) Agni

(C) Varuna (D) Pashupati

95. Who among the following headed the committee on computerization in Indian banks?

(A) S. Venkitaramanan

(B) R. N. Malhotra

(C) M. Narasimham

(D) C. Rangarajan

96. Galvanised iron sheets are protected from rusting due to the presence of a layer of

(A) lead (B) tin
(C) zinc (D) chromium

97. The Seventh Plan gave maximum weightage to the sector of

(A) Industry
(B) Agriculture
(C) Science and Technology
(D) Energy

98. Who was selected for the Indira Gandhi Prize for Peace, Disarmament and Development for 2025?

(A) Ellen Johnson Sirleaf
(B) Graca Machel
(C) Winnie Madikizela-Mandela
(D) None of them

99. Name the spacecraft which is the most distant human-made object and is travelling through interstellar space, and is expected to become the first human-made object to reach a distance of one light-day from the Earth.

(A) Cassini (B) Galileo
(C) Voyager 1 (D) Pioneer 10

100. The Finke River, which has been identified as the world's oldest surviving river system, is in which country?

(A) Sweden (B) Australia
(C) Vietnam (D) Cambodia

101. Which country has officially become the 21st member of the Eurozone on 1st January, 2026 and adopted the euro as its legal tender?

(A) Bulgaria (B) Hungary
(C) Serbia (D) Sofia

102. India has cut import tariffs on European Union-made cars from 110% to how much percent under the India-EU free trade agreement?

(A) 33% (B) 40%
(C) 45% (D) 65%

103. Which country passed the world's first comprehensive law-governing Artificial Intelligence?

(A) USA (B) France
(C) South Korea (D) India

104. The 16th EU-India Summit, at which the Security and Defence Partnership was signed, was held in which city?

(A) Brussels (B) Paris
(C) Geneva (D) New Delhi

105. Which country has banned social media for children under 16 years?

(A) France (B) Canada
(C) UK (D) Australia

106. Who wrote India's national song, 'Vande Mataram'?

(A) Rabindranath Tagore
(B) Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar
(C) Bankim Chandra Chatterjee
(D) Annie Besant

107. What is India's rank in the 'Artificial Intelligence (AI) Vibrancy' Index 2025 released by Stanford University?

(A) First (B) Second
(C) Third (D) Fourth

108. What is the name of the operation launched by India to assist Sri Lanka after the damage inflicted by cyclone Ditwah in November, 2025?

(A) Operation Sagar Suraksha
(B) Operation Samudra Maitri
(C) Operation Ocean Shield
(D) Operation Sagar Bandhu

109. The 'Right to Privacy' is protected under which Article of the Constitution of India?

(A) Article 15 (B) Article 19

(C) Article 21 (D) Article 29

110. The people of Ladakh are seeking Statehood to address a 'representation deficit' and protect its 97% tribal population and fragile ecology under which Schedule of the Constitution?

(A) Schedule 5 (B) Schedule 6

(C) Schedule 7 (D) Schedule 8

111. Where was Asia's largest Tulip garden inaugurated recently?

(A) Dehradun (B) Shimla

(C) Srinagar (D) Chandigarh

112. National Vaccination Day is observed in India every year on which day?

(A) 15 March (B) 16 March

(C) 17 March (D) 18 March

113. The Government of India has eased restrictions on investments in select sectors from which country to help ease a capital squeeze?

(A) China (B) Bhutan

(C) Myanmar (D) Nepal

114. The Silver Economy refers to economic opportunities arising from

(A) fish

(B) metals

(C) mobile phones

(D) old people

115. Which port has been developed by India in Iran, which was reportedly attacked by the US forces?

(A) Bandar Abbas

(B) Chabahar

(C) Amirabad

(D) Bushehr

116. What is the border separating Pakistan and Afghanistan called, along which war is reported?

(A) McMohan Line

(B) Mortimer Line

(C) Durand Line

(D) Pashtun Line

117. Name the Iranian ship that was torpedoed by the USA in the Indian Ocean recently.

(A) IRIS Makran

(B) IRIS Sahand

(C) IRIS Deylaman

(D) IRIS Dena

118. The International Cricket Council (ICC) confirmed which country to replace Bangladesh in the ICC Men's T20 World Cup 2026?

(A) Ireland (B) UK

(C) Scotland (D) Timor-Leste

119. On which date do Manipur, Tripura and Meghalaya celebrate their Statehood Day, when all the three became full-fledged States under the North-Eastern Areas (Reorganization) Act, 1971?

(A) January 21

(B) January 20

(C) January 19

(D) January 18

120. On which date is the International Women's Day observed?

(A) March 08

(B) March 09

(C) March 10

(D) March 11

PART—D : PUBLIC DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM (BASIC AWARENESS)

(*Marks* : 30)

Each question carries **2** marks

121. What is the primary objective of the Public Distribution System?

(A) To provide minimum support price to farmers

(B) To provide subsidies to farmers

(C) To provide food security for the poor

(D) To promote agricultural growth

122. The Revamped Public Distribution System was launched in the year

(A) 1974

(B) 1982

(C) 1992

(D) 1998

123. Which of the following is ***not*** a feature of the targeted Public Distribution System introduced on 1st June, 1997?

(A) Controlled by the Central and the State Governments

(B) Targeted system

(C) Dual price

(D) Single price

124. How does the PDS contribute to reducing poverty in India?

(A) By providing employment opportunities

(B) By increasing farmers' income

(C) By ensuring food security for low income groups

(D) By promoting rural development

125. What is the significance of ration card in the Public Distribution System?

(A) To promote fair price shops

(B) To identify and verify beneficiaries for food distribution

(C) To provide proof of citizenship

(D) To compete with the private food markets

126. The Antyodaya Anna Yojana (AAY) scheme under the PDS is for

(A) rural families

(B) below poverty line families

(C) above poverty line families

(D) poorest of the poor families

127. What is the primary objective of buffer stocks of food grains maintained by the government under the PDS?

(A) To stabilise price

(B) To provide income security to farmers

(C) To ensure supply of food grains during emergencies

(D) To increase agricultural exports

128. Identify the ***incorrect*** statement with regard to the Public Distribution System.

(A) It is a part of the national food security system.

(B) The Centre and the States/ Union Territories have the joint responsibility of the PDS.

(C) The Central Government has the responsibility of identifying and targeting beneficiaries.

(D) The Food Corporation of India is responsible for procuring, storing, and distributing food grains to the States.

129. What percentage of India's population does the National Food Security Act, 2013 aim to cover?

(A) 10%

(B) 25%

(C) 50%

(D) 67%

130. The Annapurna Scheme (APS) of the Government of India provides food security to

(A) the below poverty line families

(B) the indigent senior citizens

(C) the migrant labourers

(D) the poor tribal families

131. Under the Antyodaya Anna Yojana scheme of the Targeted Public Distribution System (TPDS), food grains given per family per month since April 2002 is

(A) 25 kg

(B) 35 kg

(C) 40 kg

(D) 45 kg

132. Identify the major recommendation of the Shanta Kumar Committee (2015) on PDS.

(A) Reducing monthly food grain entitlement from 7 kg to 5 kg

(B) Increasing the National Food Security Act coverage

(C) Continuation of the existing system

(D) Gradual shift to cash transfer

133. Which is the first State in India to use Aadhaar-linked face recognition for ration delivery?

(A) Punjab

(B) Haryana

(C) Himachal Pradesh

(D) Uttar Pradesh

134. Identify the correct statement with regard to the One Nation One Ration Card (ONORC) scheme launched in August 2019.

(A) The scheme applies to beneficiaries of rural areas only.

(B) Aadhaar-based authentication is not required for portability of ration cards.

(C) Food security is provided only to beneficiaries covered by the National Food Security Act.

(D) Food security is ensured for migrant workers outside their home State.

135. The single most significant challenge faced by the Public Distribution System in India is

(A) decrease in food grain production

(B) increase in food grain exports

(C) leakages and diversion of food grains

(D) less number of fair price shops

PART—E : BASIC COMPUTER

(*Marks* : 30)

Each question carries **2** marks

136. The symbol



indicates which of the following in a flowchart?

(A) Processing

(B) Input/Output

(C) Decision making

(D) Terminal

137. Mnemonic code is associated with which of the following?

(A) High-level language

(B) Assembly language

(C) Machine language

(D) Natural language

138. Which input device is suitable for a banker who wants to process cheques?

(A) Barcode reader

(B) Optical character reader

(C) Optical mark reader

(D) Magnetic ink character recognition

139. The memory that is directly accessible to CPU is

(A) RAM

(B) CD

(C) DVD

(D) Hard Disk

140. Which feature in MS-Word is used to view antonyms and synonyms of a selected word?

(A) Thesaurus

(B) Spelling and Grammar

(C) Mail Merge

(D) Dictionary

141. Which of the following is ***not*** a function of an operating system?

(A) Database management

(B) Input/Output management

(C) Main memory management

(D) Secondary memory management

142. Which of the following is used to access webpages?

(A) Notepad

(B) WordPad

(C) Web browser

(D) Web server

143. Which of the following terms is used to describe a network that spans countries?

(A) LAN

(B) MAN

(C) WAN

(D) PAN

144. Which of the following statements best describes an interpreter?

(A) It translates the entire program in high-level language to machine language at once.

(B) It converts and translates the entire program in high-level language into machine language line by line.

(C) It translates assembly language into machine language.

(D) It translates assembly language line by line to machine language.

145. Which of the following shows a range of cells?

(A) A2+B3

(B) A3:E3

(C) A2&C2

(D) A4;E4

146. The binary equivalent of $(25)_{10}$ is

(A) $(11001)_2$

(B) $(10110)_2$

(C) $(11100)_2$

(D) $(10101)_2$

147. A type of chart that displays data points of individual items as a percentage of the whole is called

(A) column chart

(B) line chart

(C) pie chart

(D) area chart

148. An option in Excel to display data that meets certain criteria or conditions is

(A) Sorting

(B) Filtering

(C) Validation

(D) Goal seek

149. What does the following program display?

```
x=3
 if (x==0):
    print("Am I here?")
elif(x==3):
    print ("Or here?")
print ("Or over here?")
```

(A) Or here?

(B) Am I here? Or here?

(C) Or here? Or over here?

(D) Am I here? Or over here?

150. Debugging refers to

(A) creating a program code

(B) finding and correcting errors in a program code

(C) identifying the task to be computerized

(D) creating an algorithm